

Percent Explanations

The basic equation of percents:

$$\frac{Part}{Base} = \frac{Rate\%}{100}$$

Abbreviated form:

$$\frac{P}{B} = \frac{R\%}{100}$$

Example:

$$\frac{7}{8} = \frac{87.5\%}{100}$$

To find out if this right:

Check for equivalence:

$$\begin{array}{l} 7 \times 100 = 700 \\ 8 \times 87.5 = 700 \end{array} \} \text{Equivalent}$$

For percent problems, there are three elements:

P

B

$R\%$

To work a percent problem, you must know two of these, then solve for the third.

To solve for P:

$$P = \frac{B \times R\%}{100}$$

To solve for B:

$$B = \frac{P \times 100}{R\%}$$

To find R%:

$$R\% = \frac{P \times 100}{B}$$

Examples:

To solve for P:

40% of 65 is what number?

\uparrow
 $R\%$

\uparrow
 B

\uparrow
 P is the missing thing

"of" points to the Base

$$P = \frac{B \times R\%}{100}$$

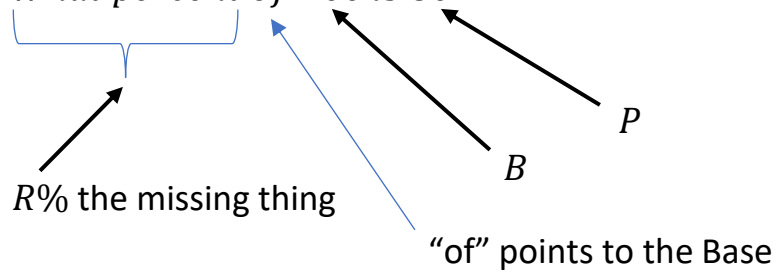
$$P = \frac{65 \times 40\%}{100}$$

$$= \frac{2600}{100}$$

$$P = 26$$

To solve for R%:

What percent of 400 is 80?



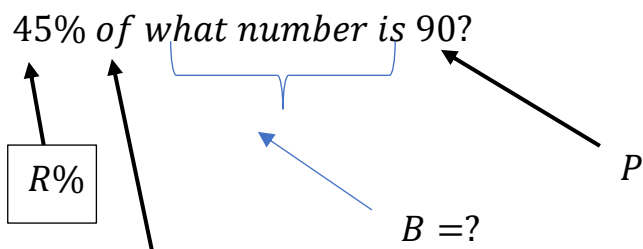
$$R\% = \frac{P \times 100}{B}$$

$$R\% = \frac{80 \times 100}{400}$$

$$= \frac{8000}{400}$$

$$R = 20\%$$

To solve for B:



"of" points to the Base; which we are having to solve for.

$$B = \frac{P \times 100}{R\%}$$

$$B = \frac{90 \times 100}{15\%}$$

$$= \frac{9000}{15\%}$$

$$B = 60$$